

Welcome to the Storm Drainage Master Plan

The Town of Tecumseh has experienced several significant storm events over the years that have resulted in widespread surface and basement flooding. In order to build on the Town's previous studies and the ongoing infrastructure improvements that have been completed, the Town has undertaken this storm drainage Master Plan to confirm the long-term storm drainage infrastructure solutions that are required to address the risks of surface flooding in the northern urban communities, as shown below.

This storm drainage Master Plan followed an approach that allowed several specific projects to meet the applicable Schedule B Municipal Class Environmental Assessment requirements.

This executive summary document is intended to provide a summary of the findings and recommendations of the Town's storm drainage Master Plan. Further details are available in the Master Plan Environmental Assessment report, to which the blue dots with page numbers included below refer for each related section.

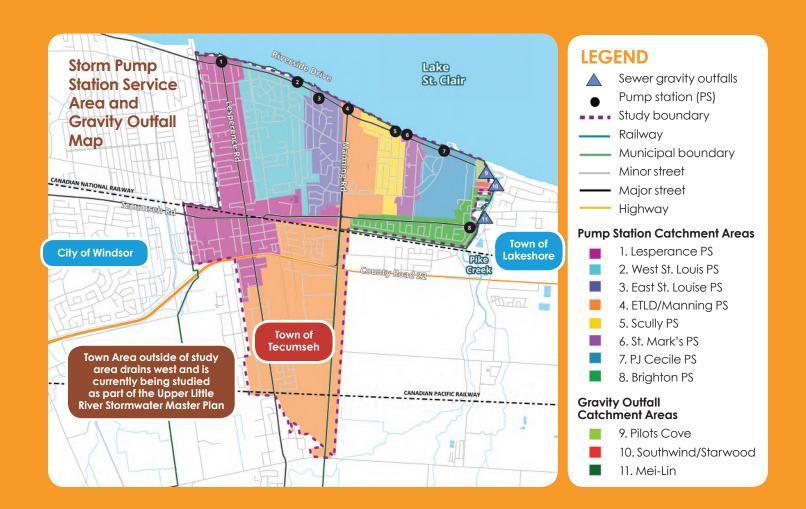




Table of Contents

Background 4
Why a Master Plan?4
Municipal Class Environmental (EA) Process
Public Consultation at a Glance 5
Levels of Service
Decision-making Framework 6
Evaluation Criteria
Alternative Solutions & Roadway/Sewer Reconstruction Improvement Areas
Alternative Solutions Location Map
Preferred Solutions
Recommended Solutions Summary Map
Estimated Capital Costs
Schedule B Class EA Projects23
Next Steps





Background



Over a 24-hour period, between September 28 and 29, 2016, an extreme rainfall event hit the region, which overwhelmed the existing storm sewer system and storm pump stations. This led to widespread surface flooding along roadways and private property. The surface flooding made vehicular traffic impassable in many areas. The flooding also overwhelmed the municipal sanitary system, leading to extensive basement flooding. Following this extreme rainfall event, the Town initiated this Storm Drainage Master Plan process.

Why a Master Plan?



The Master Plan identifies impacts of surface flooding on the mainly urbanized residential areas of the Town, and outlines a strategy to improve municipal infrastructure to better handle similar events in the future. This includes reviewing storm pump stations, gravity outfalls and the respective service areas minor (sewer) and major (roadway) systems discharging to Lake St. Clair and Pike Creek. The Master Plan process includes the following:

Confirm factors contributing to surface flooding

Determine surface flooding problem areas

Identify future development and incorporate into modelling

Identify and evaluate alternative solutions

Simulate effects of climate change to develop resilient solutions

Confirm recommended solutions

Develop long-term **implementation** strategy



Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (EA) Process



Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Phase 4 Phase 5 Alternative Design **Alternative Problem or Environmental** Concepts for **Implementation Solutions Study Report Opportunity** Preferred Solution Consultation Schedule B Schedule B Schedule B **Proiects Projects Projects Master Plans Master Plans**

Phases 1 and 2 of the Master Plan are being completed following Approach No. 2 of the Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (EA) master planning process to address any Schedule B projects (2000, as amended). The purpose of a Master Plan is to outline long-term servicing objectives for a geographic area that will be implemented over a period of time. This Storm Drainage Master Plan identifies a number of projects that are classified as Schedule B projects under the Class EA process. Schedule B projects include "improvements and minor expansions to existing facilities" on public or private property that have "potential for adverse environmental impacts" and require consultation with those potentially affected by the project.

Public Engagement at a Glance



Engagement Opportunities



Email updates



Website



Public, agency & Indigenous Community consultation events & meetings



Social Media

attendees at two Public Information Centres Indigenous Community
Consultation, including
one meeting with
Aamjiwnaang First Nation

Comments include concerns over localized surface/ basement flooding, and water quality, and comments in support of the solutions proposed.

26

comments received from the public

meetings held with residents directly impacted by pump station improvements and surface flooding solutions which impact private property



Levels of Service (LOS)



Traditional

In developing alternative solutions, the design level of service applied is based on local surface flooding conditions. In some instances, a traditional approach is applied, which involves meeting the requirements of regulatory agencies. In other instances, an enhanced approach is applied that accounts for climate change considerations, adding more resiliency to the storm system.

Static design criteria established by regulatory agencies Standard LOS and flood risk mitigation

Storm Drainage Master Plan Approach Flexible and sustainable solutions that account for a reasonable degree of uncertainty due to climate change

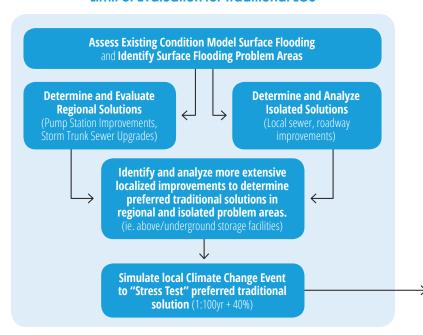
Enhanced and variable
LOS and flood risk
mitigation

Decision-making Framework

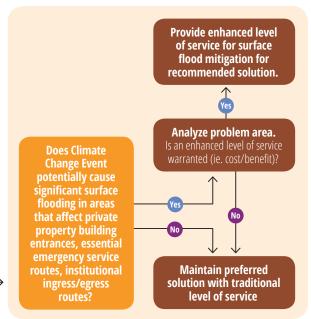


A surface flooding solution decision framework outlines an approach to developing solutions that address both the required LOS and added resiliency for each surface flooding problem area, as appropriate. It determines the scope of the preferred design solution and identifies the appropriate LOS to suit the risks and vulnerability of the area. Below illustrates the decision process used to determine the level of design for the preferred solutions. The design process includes a climate change analysis of the proposed design in areas where surface flooding is more problematic.

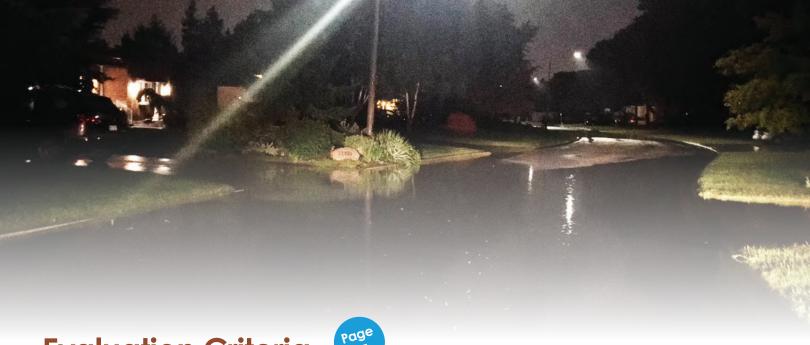
Limit of Evaluation for Traditional LOS



Extended Evaluation for Enhanced LOS







Evaluation Criteria



As part of the decision making process, a comparative evaluation of the alternative solutions was completed for each problem area identified. The evaluation criteria included:



Addresses Study Problem/ Opportunity Statement

If the alternative does not address the objective, it was not considered further.



Impact on urban community

Potential for disruption or displacement of existing residents, greenspace/ recreational use.



Impact on Minor System (sewers) drainage

Ability to increase flow conveyance during minor storm events.



Natural Environment

Potential for significant negative impacts on terrestrial and aquatic resources, including Species at Risk.



Impact on Major system (overland) drainage

Ability to enhance flow routing and reduce pondina.



Archaeological resources

Potential to impact lands with archaeological resources.



Ease of construction and implementation

Based on technical, regulatory and constructability considerations. Alternatives that are easier to construct/ implement are preferred.



Built Heritage resources

Potential impacts on built heritage and/or cultural heritage resources



Future land uses

Potential to accommodate infill development in developed areas.



Capital cost

Relative capital costs, including restoration/enhancement for alternative. Cost effective alternatives are preferred.



Alternative Solutions & Roadway/Sewer Reconstruction Improvement Areas



The study area was divided into smaller service areas based on existing storm pump station areas. After analysis of the regional surface problem areas, a number of alternatives were developed.

- 1) Lesperance Pump **Station Service Area**
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Improve Lesperance Trunk Sewer & Pump Station
- 3) New St. Pierre Trunk Sewer & improve Pump Station
- 4) New St. Pierre Trunk Sewer and improve existing Lesperance Trunk Sewer and Pump Station
- 2) West St. Louis Pump **Station Service Area**
- 2) West St. Louis Pump Station
- 3) Scully, St. Mark's Pump Station Service Area
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Scully, St. Mark's & PJ Cecile Pump Station upgrades
- 3) Consolidated Scully/St. Mark's Pump Station & PJ Cecile Pump Station upgrades
- 4) Consolidated Scully/ St. Mark's/PJ Cecile Pump Station upgrades
- 4) PJ Cecile Pump Station Service Area
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Improve existing pump station with alternative locations

- New Starwood Lane **Pump Station**
- 2) Construct a new pump
- 6) St. Gregory's Road
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Create surface storage area at the existing northern soccer fields
- 3) Underground storage along St. Gregory's Rd. within the municipal rightof-way
- 7) Buster Reaume Park
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Create surface storage area within Buster Reaume Park and redirect Lemire/ Lanoue storm sewers to parkland stormwater system and maintain outlet into existing CN Railway Ditch.
- 3) Underground storage along Lemire St. and Lanoue St. within the rightof-way
- 8) Tecumseh Centre Park
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Create surface storage area in existing green space within Tecumseh Centre Park and construct an underground storage system

- 9) East St. Louis/East **Townline Drain Pump Station Service Areas**
- 1) Do nothing
- 2) Connect storm sewer overflow along St. Thomas Street to Lakewood Park **Drainage Channel**
- 3) Connect storm sewer overflow along St. Thomas Street to proposed local Manning Road sewer
- 4) East St. Louis Pump Station improvements and trunk storm sewer upgrades
- 11) Baillargeon Drain **Service Area**
- 2) Create storm relief sewer along Charlene Lane con-
- along Charlene Lane, St Martin Crescent and St

Future Areas for Roadway and Sewer Reconstruction

- 1) Coronado Dish Area
- Arlington Boulevard, Edgewater Boulevard and St. Marks Road
- Kensington Dish Area
- 9) Manning Road Phase 2 Drain Enclosure
- 10) Tecumseh Road Storm Sewer Extension
- 11) St. Anne Area





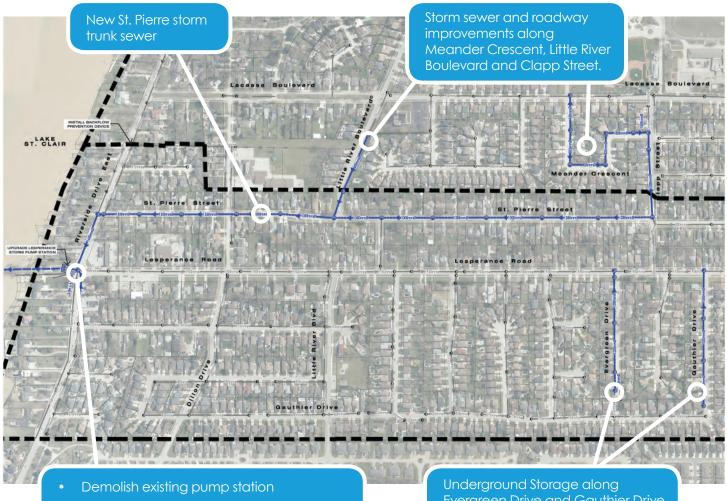


Preferred Solutions



The following summarizes the preferred solutions to address regional surface flooding.

1) Lesperance Pump Station Service Area



- New larger capacity pump station equipped with vertical submersible axial flow pumps
- Modify existing outfall to accommodate increased pump station capacity
- Install backflow prevention device at Lesperance/West St. Louis service area storm interconnection

Evergreen Drive and Gauthier Drive

LEGEND

- Proposed manhole
- Proposed storm sewer Proposed catch basin
 - Existing manhole
- Existing storm sewer
- Pump Station service area boundary



2) West St. Louis Pump Station Service Area

Lacasse Boulevard, Little River

Boulevard and Kimberly Drive

and Jelso Place



LEGEND

Proposed manhole

Proposed storm sewer

Proposed catch basin

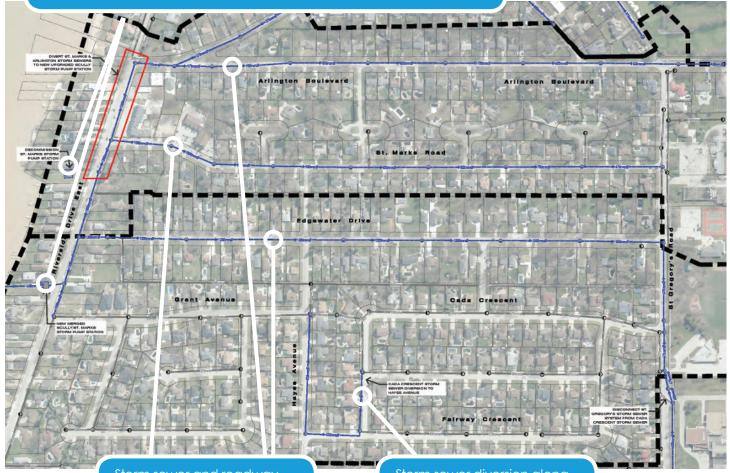
Existing manhole

Existing storm sewer



3) Scully, St. Mark's Pump Station Service Area

- Decommission St. Mark's pump station and construct a new pump station at the Scully pump station site to handle flow from a consolidated service area
- Locate station north of the existing structure. New inlet, outfall pipe, and expanded outfall structure required.



Storm sewer and roadway improvements along Arlington Boulevard, St. Mark's Road, Edgewater Drive, St.Gregory's Road and Riverside Drive.

Storm sewer diversion along Cada Crescent to Hayes Avenue.

LEGEND

Proposed manhole Proposed storm sewer Proposed catch basin

Existing manhole Existing storm sewer



4) PJ Cecile Pump Station Service Area

- Construct a new pump station at the PJ Cecile site over the footprint of the existing structure
- Install new outfall pipe to increase flow capacity
- Extend new outfall to northern end of the jetty bank
- Replace inlet pipe with a larger diameter pipe in the existing alignment



improvements along Kensington Dish Area

LEGEND

Proposed manhole

Proposed storm sewer

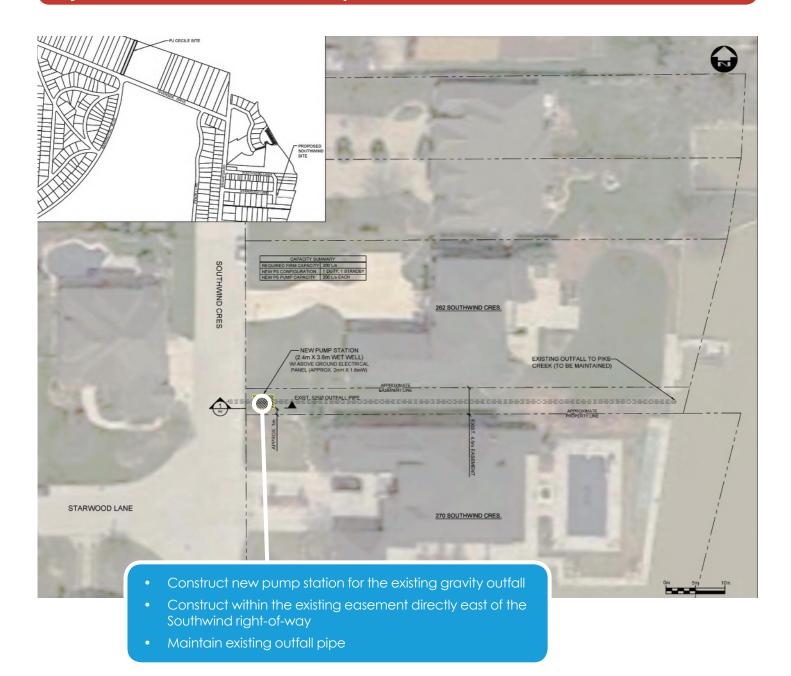
Proposed catch basin

Existing manhole

Existing storm sewer



5) New Southwind Crescent Pump Station





6) St. Gregory's Road



Depress northern portion of Tecumseh Soccer Fields Park by 0.70m to provide approximately 3,200 m³ of aboveground surface storage

LEGEND

Proposed manhole

■450mmø Proposed storm sewer

Proposed catch basin

Existing manhole

Existing storm sewer

Pump Station service area boundary

Roadway grading improvements

Depressed area



7) Buster Reaume Park

Redirect Lemire and Lanoue Street storm sewers to Buster Reaume Park stormwater facility.



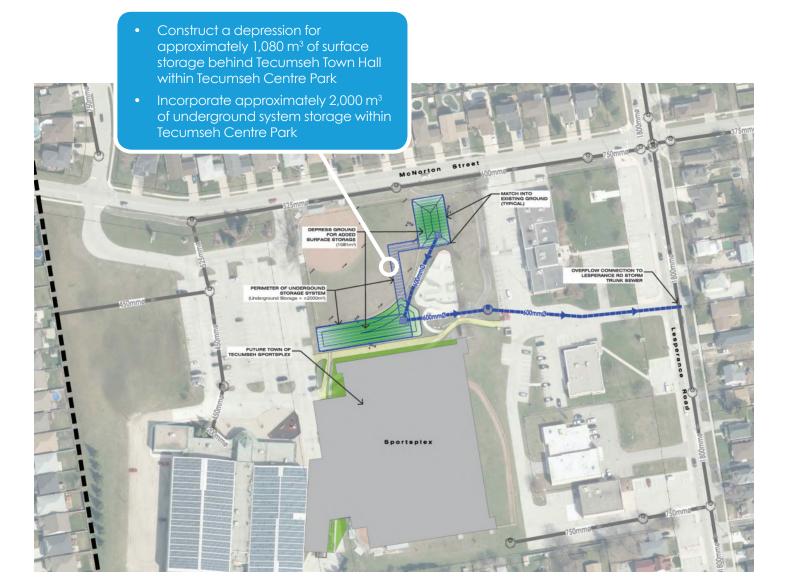
Depress southwestern portion of Buster Reaume Park by 0.80m to provide approximately 4,100 m3 of aboveground surface storage with a connection to the upgraded municipal storm sewers.

LEGEND

- Proposed manhole
- ■450mmø Proposed storm sewer
 - Proposed catch basin
 - Existing manhole
 - Existing storm sewer
 - ■ Pump Station service area boundary
 - Roadway grading improvements
 - Depressed area



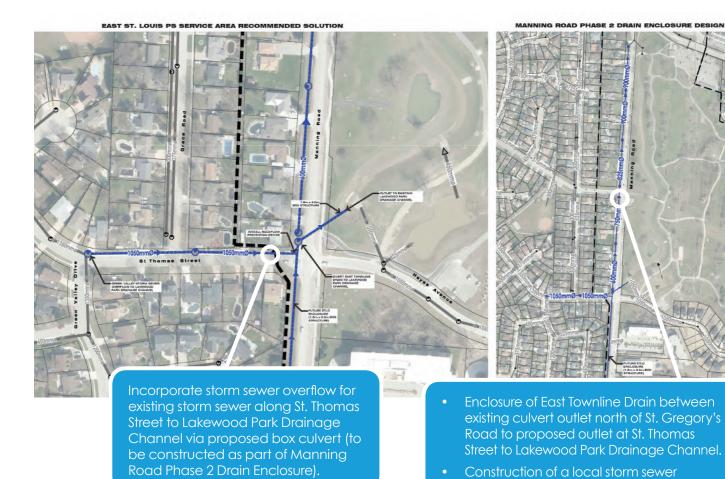
8) Tecumseh Centre Park



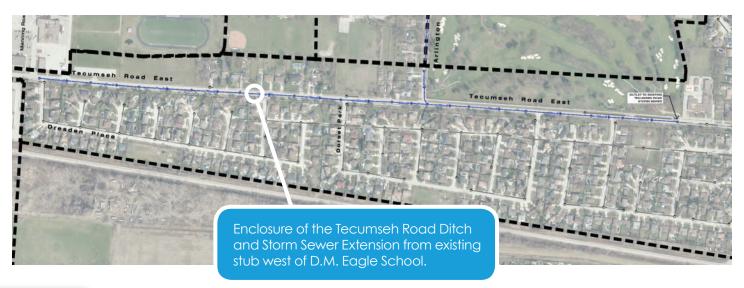
LEGEND Proposed manhole Proposed storm sewer Proposed catch basin Existing manhole Existing storm sewer Pump Station service area boundary Roadway grading improvements Depressed area **Underground Storage Chambers**



9) East St. Louis/East Townline Drain Pump Station Service Areas



10) Tecumseh Road Storm Sewer Extension

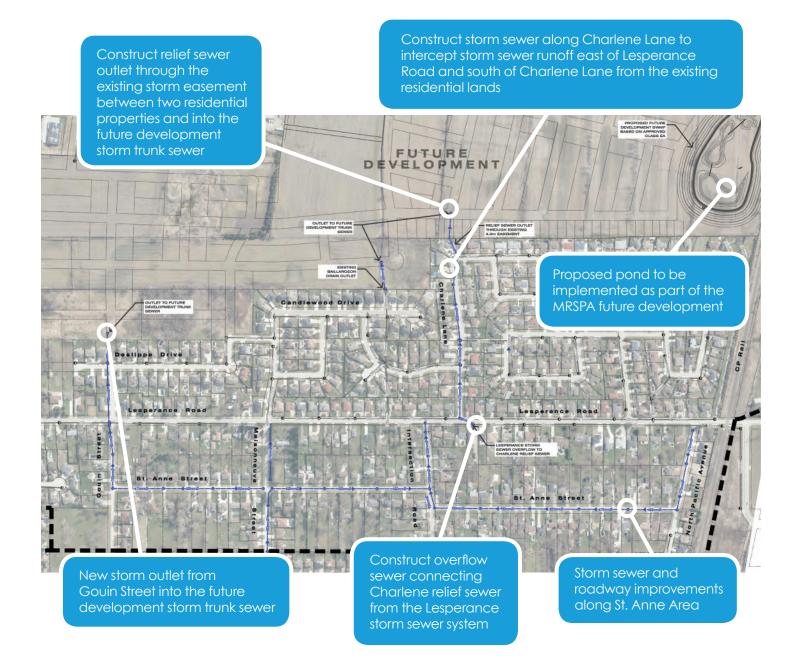


system servicing Manning Road residential properties, between Riverside Drive and

St. Thomas Street.



11) Baillargeon Drain Service Area (Option 1)



LEGEND

Proposed manhole

Proposed storm sewer

Proposed catch basin

Existing manhole

Existing storm sewer



11) Baillargeon Drain Service Area (Option 2)

Alternative 1 is considered the preferred for this area, but is entirely dependent on agreements with the land owners and developers of the future development lands. Alternative 2 is presented as a secondary recommended option.











Estimated Capital Costs



The recommended surface flooding solutions outlined within this document have been designed to a functional level of detail. Cost estimates for all the recommended infrastructure solutions are outlined below.

Project Code	Recommended Solution	Estimated Construction Cost & Contingency	Engineering	Total
	LESPERANCE PUMP STATION SERVI	CE AREA		
PS-1	Lesperance Pump Station Improvements ⁺	\$14.30M	\$2.43M	\$16.73M
LE-1	Lesperance PS Storm Trunk Sewer – Riverside Drive (St. Pierre Street to PS)	\$1.30M	\$0.22M	\$1.52M
LE-2	St. Pierre Street Trunk Sewer	\$3.93M	\$0.67M	\$4.60M
LE-3	Clapp Street Local Sewers	\$0.64M	\$0.11M	\$0.75M
LE-4	Meander Crescent Local Sewers	\$0.90M	\$0.15M	\$1.05M
LE-5	Underground/Aboveground Storage (Tecumseh Centre Park) ⁺	\$3.21M	\$0.55M	\$3.76M
LE-6	Evergreen Drive Local Sewers	\$0.93M	\$0.16M	\$1.09M
LE-7	Gauthier Drive Local Sewers	\$0.88M	\$0.15M	\$1.03M
	SUBTOTAL =	\$26.09M	\$4.44M	\$30.53M
	CONSOLIDATED SCULLY/ST. MARK'S PUMP STA	TION SERVICE AREA		
PS-2	New Consolidated Scully/St. Mark's Pump Station ⁺	\$9.88 M	\$1.68M	\$11.56M
SM-1	Scully/St. Mark's PS Storm Trunk Sewer – Riverside Drive (Arlington Boulevard to PS)	\$1.63M	\$0.28M	\$1.91M
SM-2	Grant Avenue Diversion Sewer	\$0.58M	\$0.10M	\$0.68M
SM-3	Aboveground Storage (Tecumseh Soccer Fields)+	\$0.25M	\$0.04M	\$0.29M
SM-4	Edgewater Drive Local Sewers	\$2.22M	\$0.38M	\$2.60M
SM-5	St. Gregory's Road Local Sewers and Diversion	\$0.68M	\$0.12M	\$0.80M
SM-6	St. Marks Road Local Sewers	\$1.83M	\$0.31M	\$2.14M
SM-7	Arlington Boulevard Local Sewers	\$2.34M	\$0.40M	\$2.74M
	SUBTOTAL =	\$19.39M	\$3.31M	\$22.70M
	WEST ST. LOUIS PUMP STATION SERV	/ICE AREA		
PS-3	West St. Louis Pump Station Improvements ⁺	\$7.15M	\$1.21M	\$8.36M
WSL-1	West St. Louis PS Storm Trunk Sewer – Riverside Drive (Barry Avenue to existing 2000mm storm sewer)	\$1.72M	\$0.30M	\$2.02M
WSL-2	Little River Boulevard Underground Storage	\$2.24M	\$0.38M	\$2.62M
WSL-3	Coronado Dish Local Sewers*	\$5.14M	\$0.88M	\$6.02M
WSL-4	Lacasse Boulevard Local Sewers	\$0.98M	\$0.17M	\$1.15M
WSL-5	Kimberly Drive and Jelso Place Local Sewers	\$0.73M	\$0.05M	\$0.78M
	SUBTOTAL =	\$17.96M	\$2.99M	\$20.95M
	EAST ST. LOUIS PUMP STATION SERV	/ICE AREA		
ESL-1	St. Thomas Street Overflow Sewer to Lakewood Park & Backflow Prevention	\$0.62M	\$0.10M	\$0.72M
	SUBTOTAL =	\$0.62M	\$0.10M	\$0.72M



Project Code	Recommended Solution	Estimated Construction Cost & Contingency	Engineering	Total			
EAST TOWNLINE DRAIN SERVICE AREA							
ETD-1	Aboveground Storage (Buster Reaume Park) ⁺ and Backflow Prevention Device	\$0.18M	\$0.03M	\$0.21M			
ETD-2	Lemire/Lanoue Street Local Sewers and Sewer Diversion	\$1.46M	\$0.25M	\$1.71M			
ETD-3	Manning Road Phase 2 Drain Enclosure	\$3.70M	\$0.63M	\$4.33M			
	SUBTOTAL =	\$5.34M	\$0.91M	\$6.25M			
	BAILLARGEON DRAIN SERVICE AREA (OPTION 1)						
BD-1	Charlene Lane Flooding Solution (Governing Cost - Option 2)	\$3.00M	\$0.51M	\$3.51M			
BD-2	St. Anne Area Local Sewers*	\$3.60M	\$0.62M	\$4.22M			
	SUBTOTAL =	\$6.60M	\$1.13M	\$7.73M			
PJ CECILE PUMP STATION SERVICE AREA							
PS-4	PJ Cecile Pump Station Improvements ⁺	\$7.02M	\$1.20M	\$8.22M			
PJ-1	Kensington Dish Area Local Sewers	\$3.96M	\$0.68M	\$4.64M			
	SUBTOTAL =	\$10.98 M	\$1.88M	\$12.86M			
	SOUTHWIND/STARWOOD AREA						
PS-5/SS-1	New Starwood/Southwind Pump Station ⁺ and Backflow Prevention Device	\$0.90M	\$0.15M	\$1.05M			
	SUBTOTAL =	\$0.90M	\$0.15M	\$1.05M			
BRIGHTON PUMP STATION SERVICE AREA							
B-1	Tecumseh Road Storm Sewer Extension	\$3.25M	\$0.55M	\$3.80M			
	SUBTOTAL =	\$3.25M	\$0.55M	\$3.80M			
	TOTAL =	\$91.13M	\$15.46M	\$106.59M			

Costing Notes:

Storm Sewer Infrastructure Improvements

- Include removal and restoration of one lane width.
- Exclude full roadway reconstruction and the potential for utility relocation.

Pump Station Improvements

Include costs for flow control chambers, temporary pipes and pumps, decommissioning and demolishing of old stations and costing for new outfalls or improvements to existing outfalls.

Construction costs include 30% contingency, Engineering costs include 15% engineering and 2% Geotechnical Investigations

All estimated costs above exclude applicable taxes

*Lumped areas for storm sewer reconstruction have the potential to be phased to implement upstream solutions earlier

No Property Acquisition is expected at this time for any improvements listed above

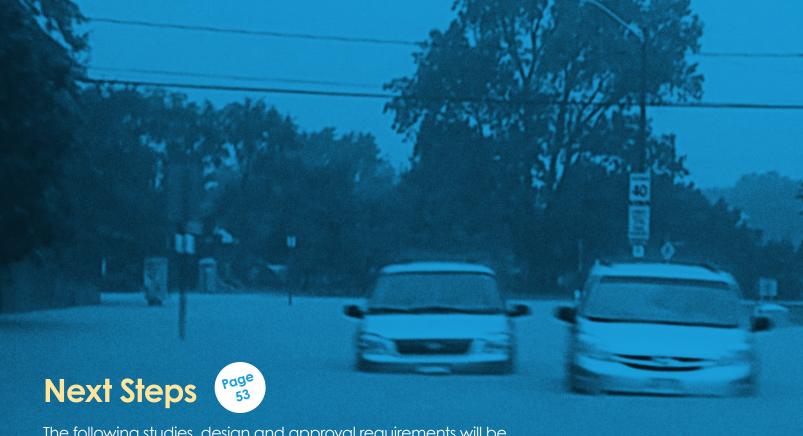
Schedule B Class EA Projects (indicated above with +)

- 1. Lesperance Storm Pump Station Improvements
- 2. West St. Louis Storm Pump Station Improvements
- 3. New Consolidated Scully/St. Mark's Storm Pump Station
- 4. PJ Cecile Storm Pump Station Improvements
- 5. New Southwind Crescent Storm Pump Station
- 6. Surface storage within the "Tecumseh Soccer Fields" Park at École Secondaire L'Essor
- 7. Surface Storage within Buster Reaume Park
- 8. Surface and Underground Storage within Tecumseh Centre Park



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assistance from the Government of Canada and the Federation of Canadian
Municipalities. Notwithstanding this support, the views expressed are the
personal views of the authors, and the Federation of Canadian Municipalities and
the Government of Canada accept no responsibility for them.



The following studies, design and approval requirements will be required for the implementation of the recommended solutions:

- Updates to the recommended solutions based on any future developments (greenfield or infill) not assessed within this study that could impact the design of each solution;
- Detailed design of all recommended improvements;
- Environmental Compliance Approvals from the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP);
- Essex Region Conservation Authority and municipal permitting and approvals; and
- Other regulatory approvals, as required.

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